

Is Now Part of



ON Semiconductor®

To learn more about ON Semiconductor, please visit our website at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>

ON Semiconductor and the ON Semiconductor logo are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor dates sheds, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor dates sheds and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use on similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out or i, directly or indirectly, any lay bed ON Semiconductor and its officers, employees, ween if such claim alleges that ON Semiconductor was negligent regarding the d





Data Sheet

August 2003

600V, SMPS Series N-Channel IGBT

The HGTG40N60A4 is a MOS gated high voltage switching device combining the best features of a MOSFET and a bipolar transistor. This device has the high input impedance of a MOSFET and the low on-state conduction loss of a bipolar transistor. The much lower on-state voltage drop varies only moderately between 25°C and 150°C. This IGBT is ideal for many high voltage switching applications operating at high frequencies where low conduction losses are essential. This device has been optimized for high frequency switch mode power supplies.

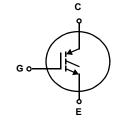
Formerly Developmental Type TA49347.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HGTG40N60A4	TO-247	40N60A4

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number.

Symbol

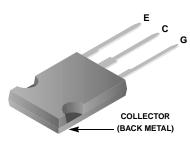


Features

- 100kHz Operation At 390V, 40A
- 200kHz Operation At 390V, 20A
- 600V Switching SOA Capability
- Low Conduction Loss

Packaging

JEDEC STYLE TO-247



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

	HGTG40N60A4	UNITS
Collector to Emitter VoltageBV _{CES}	600	V
Collector Current Continuous		
At $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$ I_{C25}	75	А
At T _C = 110 ^o C I _{C110}	63	А
Collector Current Pulsed (Note 1)	300	А
Gate to Emitter Voltage ContinuousV _{GES}	<u>+2</u> 0	V
Gate to Emitter Voltage PulsedV _{GEM}	±30	V
Switching Safe Operating Area at T _J = 150 ^o C, Figure 2	200A at 600V	
Power Dissipation Total at $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ P_D	625	W
Power Dissipation Derating T _C > 25 ^o C	5	W/ ^o C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	260	°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

1. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

Electrical Specifications $T_J = 25^{\circ}$	^D C, Unless Other	wise Specified					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV _{CES}	$I_{C} = 250 \mu A, V_{GE} = 0 V$		600	-	-	V
Emitter to Collector Breakdown Voltage	BVECS	I _C = -10mA, V _{GE} = 0V		20	-	-	
Collector to Emitter Leakage Current	ICES	$V_{CE} = BV_{CES} \qquad T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		-	-	250	μA
			T _J = 125 ⁰ C	-	-	3.0	mA
Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(SAT)}	I _C = 40A, V _{GE} = 15V	T _J = 25 ^o C	-	1.7	2.7	V
			T _J = 125 ⁰ C	-	1.5	2.0	V
Gate to Emitter Threshold Voltage	V _{GE(TH)}	$I_{C} = 250 \mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$		4.5	5.6	7	V
Gate to Emitter Leakage Current	I _{GES}	V _{GE} = ±20V		-	-	±250	nA
Switching SOA	SSOA	$T_{J} = 150^{0}C, R_{G} = 2.2\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V \\ L = 100\mu H, V_{CE} = 600V$		200	-	-	A
Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage	V _{GEP}	$I_{C} = 40A, V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ BV}_{CES}$		-	8.5	-	V
On-State Gate Charge	Q _{g(ON)}	I _C = 40A,	V _{GE} = 15V	-	350	405	nC
	$V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ BV}_{CES}$ $V_{GE} =$	V _{GE} = 20V	-	450	520	nC	
Current Turn-On Delay Time	^t d(ON)I	IGBT and Diode at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		-	25	-	ns
Current Rise Time	t _{rl}	$I_{CE} = 40A$ $V_{CE} = 0.65 BV_{CES}$	I _{CE} = 40A V _{CE} = 0.65 BV _{CES}		18	-	ns
Current Turn-Off Delay Time	^t d(OFF)I	$V_{GE} = 15V$ - 12 $R_G = 2.2\Omega$ - 3 L = 200 \mu H - 3 Test Circuit (Figure 20) - 3		-	145	-	ns
Current Fall Time	t _{fl}			-	35	-	ns
Turn-On Energy (Note 3)	E _{ON1}			400	-	μJ	
Turn-On Energy (Note 3)	E _{ON2}	- 850			-	μJ	
Turn-Off Energy (Note 2)	E _{OFF}	- 37		370	-	μJ	
	1				1	1	1

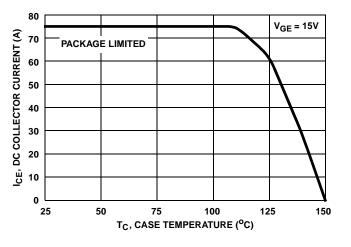
Electrical Specifications $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Current Turn-On Delay Time	^t d(ON)I	IGBT and Diode at $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$	-	27	-	ns
Current Rise Time	t _{rl}	$ \begin{array}{l} I_{CE} = 40A \\ V_{CE} = 0.65 \; \text{BV}_{CES} \\ V_{GE} = 15V \\ R_G = 2.2\Omega \\ L = 200 \mu \text{H} \\ \hline \text{Test Circuit (Figure 20)} \end{array} $	-	20	-	ns
Current Turn-Off Delay Time	^t d(OFF)I		-	185	225	ns
Current Fall Time	t _{fl}		-	55	95	ns
Turn-On Energy (Note 3)	E _{ON1}		-	400	-	μJ
Turn-On Energy (Note 3)	E _{ON2}		-	1220	1400	μJ
Turn-Off Energy (Note 2)	E _{OFF}	_	-	700	800	μJ
Thermal Resistance Junction To Case	R _{θJC}		-	-	0.2	°C/W

NOTES:

 Turn-Off Energy Loss (E_{OFF}) is defined as the integral of the instantaneous power loss starting at the trailing edge of the input pulse and ending at the point where the collector current equals zero (I_{CE} = 0A). All devices were tested per JEDEC Standard No. 24-1 Method for Measurement of Power Device Turn-Off Switching Loss. This test method produces the true total Turn-Off Energy Loss.

3. Values for two Turn-On loss conditions are shown for the convenience of the circuit designer. E_{ON1} is the turn-on loss of the IGBT only. E_{ON2} is the turn-on loss when a typical diode is used in the test circuit and the diode is at the same T_J as the IGBT. The diode type is specified in Figure 20.

Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified





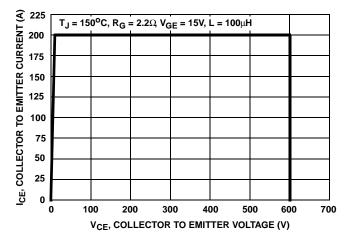
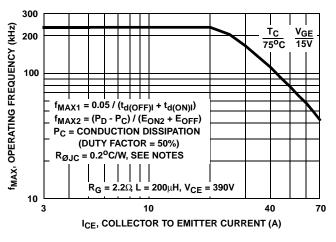


FIGURE 2. MINIMUM SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)





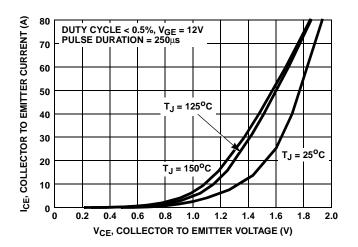
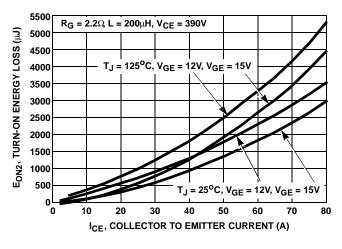


FIGURE 5. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE





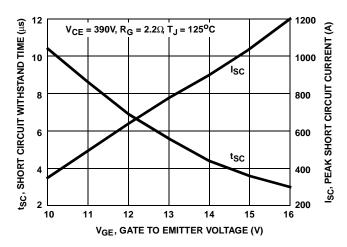


FIGURE 4. SHORT CIRCUIT WITHSTAND TIME

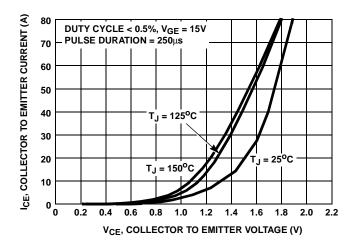
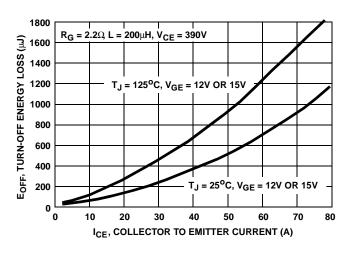
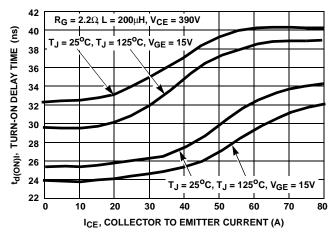


FIGURE 6. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE





Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)





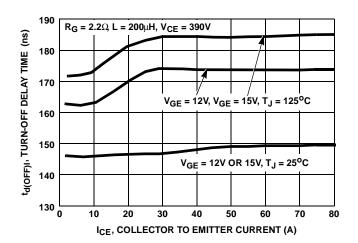


FIGURE 11. TURN-OFF DELAY TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

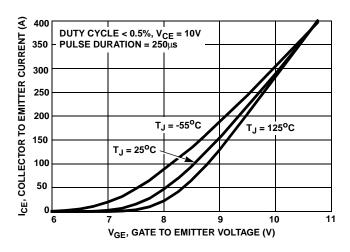
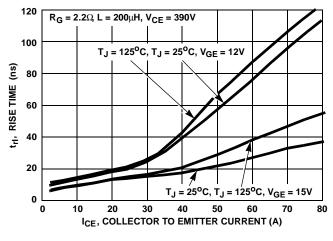


FIGURE 13. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC





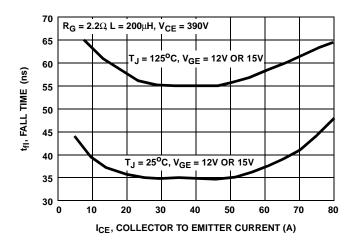


FIGURE 12. FALL TIME vs COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

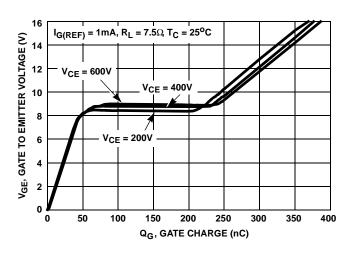


FIGURE 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

Typical Performance Curves Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

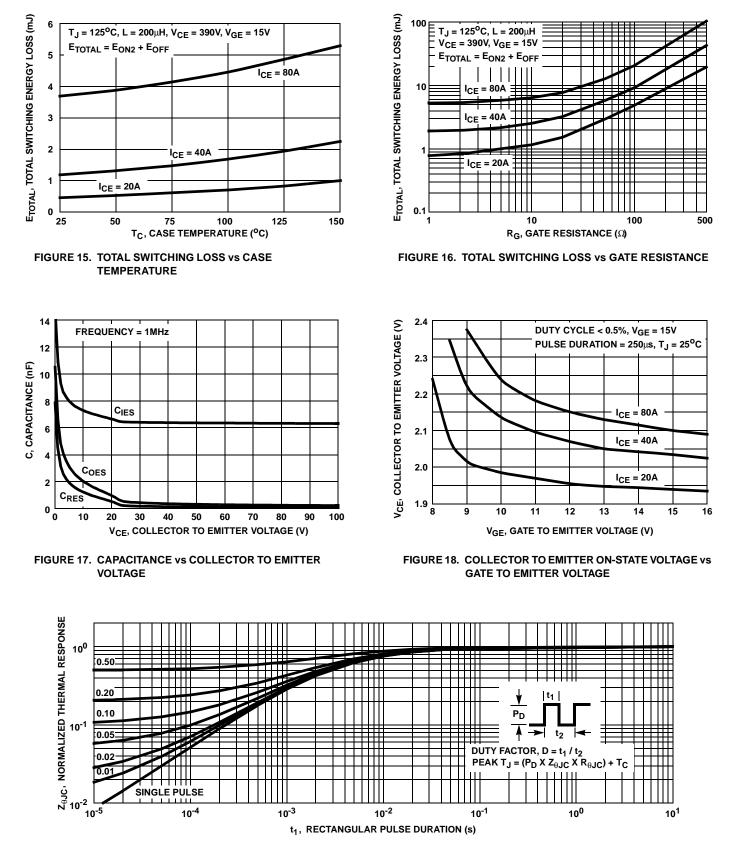


FIGURE 19. NORMALIZED TRANSIENT THERMAL RESPONSE, JUNCTION TO CASE

©2003 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation

Test Circuit and Waveforms

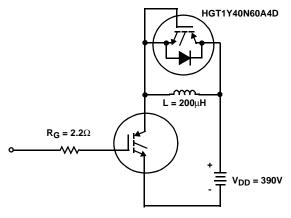


FIGURE 20. INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

Handling Precautions for IGBTs

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors are susceptible to gateinsulation damage by the electrostatic discharge of energy through the devices. When handling these devices, care should be exercised to assure that the static charge built in the handler's body capacitance is not discharged through the device. With proper handling and application procedures, however, IGBTs are currently being extensively used in production by numerous equipment manufacturers in military, industrial and consumer applications, with virtually no damage problems due to electrostatic discharge. IGBTs can be handled safely if the following basic precautions are taken:

- Prior to assembly into a circuit, all leads should be kept shorted together either by the use of metal shorting springs or by the insertion into conductive material such as "ECCOSORBD™ LD26" or equivalent.
- 2. When devices are removed by hand from their carriers, the hand being used should be grounded by any suitable means for example, with a metallic wristband.
- 3. Tips of soldering irons should be grounded.
- 4. Devices should never be inserted into or removed from circuits with power on.
- 5. Gate Voltage Rating Never exceed the gate-voltage rating of V_{GEM} . Exceeding the rated V_{GE} can result in permanent damage to the oxide layer in the gate region.
- 6. Gate Termination The gates of these devices are essentially capacitors. Circuits that leave the gate opencircuited or floating should be avoided. These conditions can result in turn-on of the device due to voltage buildup on the input capacitor due to leakage currents or pickup.
- 7. **Gate Protection** These devices do not have an internal monolithic Zener diode from gate to emitter. If gate protection is required an external Zener is recommended.

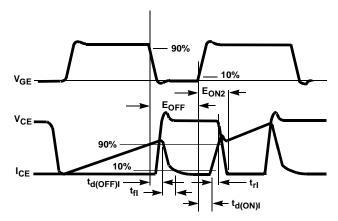


FIGURE 21. SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

Operating Frequency Information

Operating frequency information for a typical device (Figure 3) is presented as a guide for estimating device performance for a specific application. Other typical frequency vs collector current (I_{CE}) plots are possible using the information shown for a typical unit in Figures 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11. The operating frequency plot (Figure 3) of a typical device shows f_{MAX1} or f_{MAX2} ; whichever is smaller at each point. The information is based on measurements of a typical device and is bounded by the maximum rated junction temperature.

 f_{MAX1} is defined by $f_{MAX1} = 0.05/(t_{d(OFF)I} + t_{d(ON)I})$. Deadtime (the denominator) has been arbitrarily held to 10% of the on-state time for a 50% duty factor. Other definitions are possible. $t_{d(OFF)I}$ and $t_{d(ON)I}$ are defined in Figure 21. Device turn-off delay can establish an additional frequency limiting condition for an application other than T_{JM} . $t_{d(OFF)I}$ is important when controlling output ripple under a lightly loaded condition.

 f_{MAX2} is defined by $f_{MAX2} = (P_D - P_C)/(E_{OFF} + E_{ON2})$. The allowable dissipation (P_D) is defined by $P_D = (T_{JM} - T_C)/R_{\theta JC}$. The sum of device switching and conduction losses must not exceed P_D . A 50% duty factor was used (Figure 3) and the conduction losses (P_C) are approximated by $P_C = (V_{CE} \times I_{CE})/2$.

 E_{ON2} and E_{OFF} are defined in the switching waveforms shown in Figure 21. E_{ON2} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-on and E_{OFF} is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ($I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$) during turn-off. All tail losses are included in the calculation for E_{OFF} ; i.e., the collector current equals zero ($I_{CE} = 0$).

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	™ ON™
Programmable Active Droop [™] POP [™] SuperSOT [™] -3	

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

ON Semiconductor and are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at <u>www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf</u>. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as a critical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor has against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death ass

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor 19521 E. 32nd Pkwy, Aurora, Colorado 80011 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com N. American Technical Support: 800–282–9855 Toll Free USA/Canada Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 421 33 790 2910

Japan Customer Focus Center Phone: 81-3-5817-1050 ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

© Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC